

NH Municipal Pipeline Coalition

May 5, 2015

Governor Maggie Hassan
Office of the Governor
State House
107 North Main Street
Concord, NH 03301

Amherst
Brookline
Fitzwilliam
Greenville
Litchfield
Mason
Merrimack
Milford
Pelham
Richmond
Rindge
Temple
Troy

**Re: Kinder Morgan/Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co.
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Docket No. PF-14-22-000**

Dear Governor Hassan:

We are elected officials and/or town administrators from 10 New Hampshire towns affected by the proposed Northeast Energy Direct (NED) high-pressure gas pipeline project. The pipeline, proposed by Kinder Morgan Company and Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company, originates in New York, passes through western Massachusetts, and then traverses 17 New Hampshire towns before terminating in Dracut, Massachusetts.

We believe that the proposed NED pipeline is wrong for New Hampshire, is unnecessary to meet the projected energy needs of New England, is an inappropriate use of eminent domain for the benefit of a private corporation, and is an insult to the conservation efforts of the state, municipalities, and conservation easement holders given the existence of better alternatives.

The NED pipeline project is currently in the pre-filing stage at the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. Kinder Morgan is expected to file an application for a "certificate of public convenience and necessity" in September 2015. Once the certificate is granted, Kinder Morgan/Tennessee will have the ability to use federal eminent domain to acquire rights of way for the pipeline. We believe that 1) the "necessity" or need for this project is better addressed by competing projects that would require less taking of private and public land, 2) the capacity of the NED pipeline far exceeds the utility needs of New England, such that taking of land for NED is more for the benefit of its owners than to the benefit of New England gas consumers, and 3) the proposed pipeline route impacts protected conservation land, watersheds, and aquifers.

New England has an acknowledged need for additional energy sources to meet peak demand. In response, several companies have proposed projects to bring more natural gas to New England. These include Spectra Energy's Algonquin Incremental Market (AIM) line, which received FERC certification on March 3, 2015, their pending Atlantic Bridge line, increasing capacity to Maine and Canada, and the Kinder Morgan NED proposal. Taken together, the capacity of these proposed pipelines far exceeds New England's projected energy needs. The projects that truly use existing gas pipeline rights of way, such as Algonquin, should be favored over the projects that require extensive acquisition of new rights of way, such as NED.

Kinder Morgan describes the NED pipeline as mostly "co-located" with an existing power line easement owned by Eversource (formerly Public Service of NH). The term co-location falsely implies the pipeline will be entirely within the power line right of way, and thus have little impact on adjacent land. This is not the case. For technical reasons, the pipeline must be adjacent to, not under, the

350,000 volt powerline. Kinder Morgan must acquire approximately 100 feet of land *parallel* to the existing powerline easement. Therefore, the “co-location” of the pipeline has the same impact on private and public lands as it would if not co-located. In addition, about 10 miles of pipeline, such as the Mason lateral line, would not be “co-located” with any existing easement, increasing further the amount of private and public land that will have to be acquired.

Eminent domain is an extraordinary power that must be used sparingly. Other projects, such as the Spectra Energy's proposal to enlarge an existing pipeline, can bring a significant amount of natural gas to New England with far less impact to public and private landowners than the NED project. As a matter of public policy, projects requiring heavy use of eminent domain, such as NED, should be discouraged.

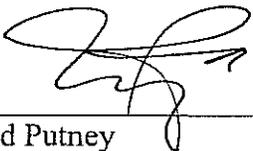
Most of the municipalities in the proposed NED pipeline route are rural communities that highly value their open space, rural character, and conservation land. The NED pipeline is routed through many tracts of land conserved by town conservation commission ownership, or conservation easements held by groups such as the Society for the Preservation of New Hampshire Forests. The taking of land through such parcels directly violates the terms of conservation easements, and contravenes the intent of the donors of conservation land.

The NED project will more deeply and directly impact wetlands and aquifers on the route than the existing powerlines do. Rivers must be tunneled under. Mats must be laid down in wetlands to support the weight of the excavating equipment. Herbicides, among other methods, will be used in the long-term to control vegetative growth, particularly in wetlands that machine mowing would damage. Public policy should discourage projects that heavily impact conservation lands, water resources, and environmentally sensitive areas.

For the foregoing reasons, we oppose the Kinder Morgan/Tennessee NED proposal. We urge you to contact the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Docket PF-114-22-000, and challenge the need for the NED pipeline in light of other less impactful pipeline proposals.

Is the proposed NED project “right” for New Hampshire? We do not believe so. If you do, please help us understand why. If not, please advise us of the steps you can take to ensure that it does not unnecessarily damage our state.

Sincerely,



Tad Putney
Town Administrator
Brookline



Susan Silverman
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Fitzwilliam

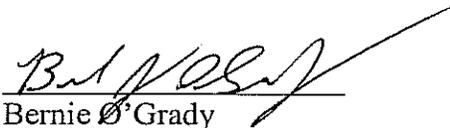


Jason Hoch
Town Administrator
Litchfield

Governor Maggie Hassan

May 5, 2015

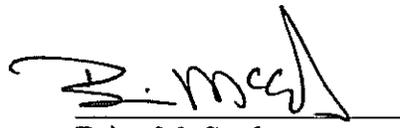
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Bernie O'Grady
Chair, Board of Selectmen
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Eileen Cabanel
Town Manager
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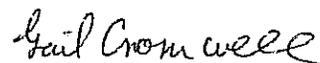
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Conservation Commission
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NH Municipal Pipeline Coalition

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Senator Jeanne Shaheen
1589 Elm Street – Suite 3
Manchester, NH 03101

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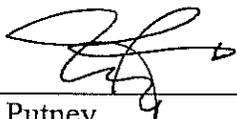
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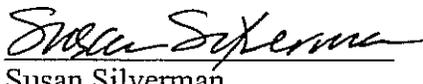
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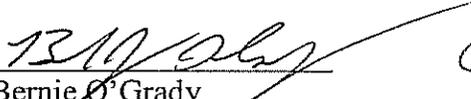


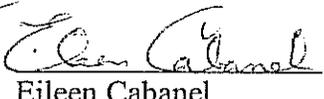
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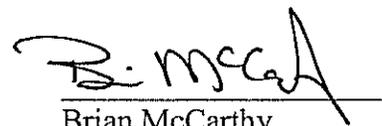
Senator Jeanne Shaheen

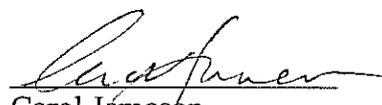
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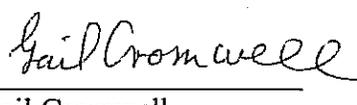

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Chair, Board of Selectmen
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NH Municipal Pipeline Coalition

May 5, 2015

Senator Kelly Ayotte
1200 Elm Street – Suite 2
Manchester, NH 03101-2503

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Senator Kelly Ayotte

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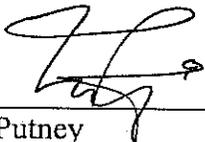
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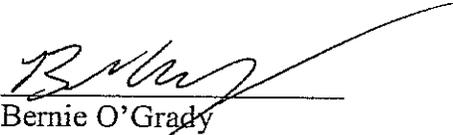


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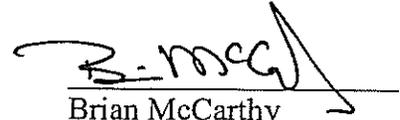
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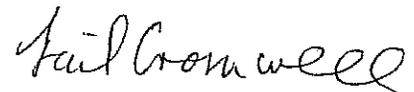
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NH Municipal Pipeline Coalition

May 5, 2015

Representative Ann McLane Kuster
18 North Main Street – Fourth Floor
Concord, NH 03301

**Re: Kinder Morgan/Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co.
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Docket No. PF-14-22-000**

Dear Representative Kuster:

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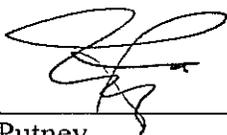
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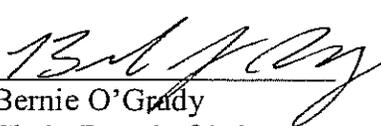


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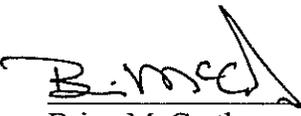
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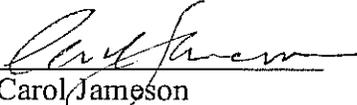
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33 Lowell Street
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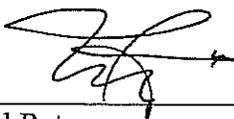
Most of the municipalities in the proposed NED pipeline route are rural communities that highly value their open space, rural character, and conservation land. The NED pipeline is routed through many tracts of land conserved by town conservation commission ownership, or conservation easements held by groups such as the Society for the Preservation of New Hampshire Forests. The taking of land through such parcels directly violates the terms of conservation easements, and contravenes the intent of the donors of conservation land.

The NED project will more deeply and directly impact wetlands and aquifers on the route than the existing powerlines do. Rivers must be tunneled under. Mats must be laid down in wetlands to support the weight of the excavating equipment. Herbicides, among other methods, will be used in the long-term to control vegetative growth, particularly in wetlands that machine mowing would damage. Public policy should discourage projects that heavily impact conservation lands, water resources, and environmentally sensitive areas.

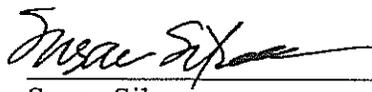
For the foregoing reasons, we oppose the Kinder Morgan/Tennessee NED proposal. We urge you to contact the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Docket PF-114-22-000, and challenge the need for the NED pipeline in light of other less impactful pipeline proposals.

Is the proposed NED project “right” for New Hampshire? We do not believe so. If you do, please help us understand why. If not, please advise us of the steps you can take to ensure that it does not unnecessarily damage our state.

Sincerely,



Tad Putney
Town Administrator
Brookline



Susan Silverman
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Fitzwilliam

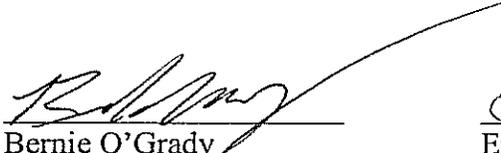


Jason Hoch
Town Administrator
Litchfield

Representative Frank Guinta

May 5, 2015

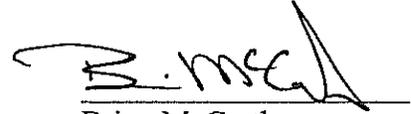
Page 3



Bernie O'Grady
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Mason



Eileen Cabanel
Town Manager
Merrimack



Brian McCarthy
Town Administrator
Pelham



Carol Jameson
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Richmond



Robert Hamilton
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Rindge



Gail Cromwell
Chair, Select Board
Temple



Warren Davis
Conservation Commission
Troy

NH Municipal Pipeline Coalition

May 5, 2015

Senator Gary L. Daniels
127 Whitten Road
Milford, NH 03055-3228

**Re: Kinder Morgan/Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co.
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Docket No. PF-14-22-000**

Dear Senator Daniels:

Anherst
Brookline
Fitzwilliam
Greenville
Litchfield
Mason
Merrimack
Milford
Pelham
Richmond
Rindge
Temple
Troy

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We believe that the proposed NED pipeline is wrong for New Hampshire, is unnecessary to meet the projected energy needs of New England, is an inappropriate use of eminent domain for the benefit of a private corporation, and is an insult to the conservation efforts of the state, municipalities, and conservation easement holders given the existence of better alternatives.

The NED pipeline project is currently in the pre-filing stage at the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. Kinder Morgan is expected to file an application for a "certificate of public convenience and necessity" in September 2015. Once the certificate is granted, Kinder Morgan/Tennessee will have the ability to use federal eminent domain to acquire rights of way for the pipeline. We believe that 1) the "necessity" or need for this project is better addressed by competing projects that would require less taking of private and public land, 2) the capacity of the NED pipeline far exceeds the utility needs of New England, such that taking of land for NED is more for the benefit of its owners than to the benefit of New England gas consumers, and 3) the proposed pipeline route impacts protected conservation land, watersheds, and aquifers.

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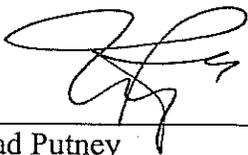
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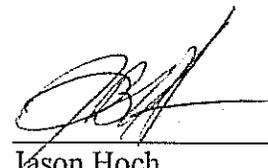
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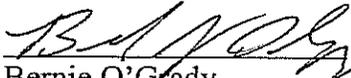
Tad Putney
Town Administrator
Brookline

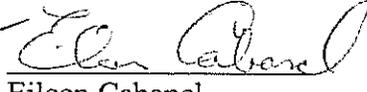


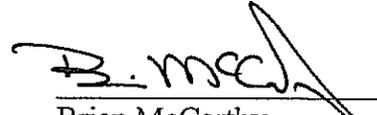
Susan Silverman
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Fitzwilliam



Jason Hoch
Town Administrator
Litchfield

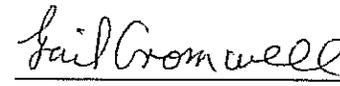

Bernie O'Grady
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Mason


Eileen Cabanel
Town Manager
Merrimack


Brian McCarthy
Town Administrator
Pelham


Carol Jameson
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Richmond


Robert Hamilton
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Rindge


Gail Cromwell
Chair, Select Board
Temple


Warren Davis
Conservation Commission
Troy

NH Municipal Pipeline Coalition

May 5, 2015

Representative John L. Balcom
85 Pond View Drive
Merrimack, NH 03054-4158

**Re: Kinder Morgan/Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co.
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Docket No. PF-14-22-000**

Dear Representative Balcom:

Amherst
Brookline
Fitzwilliam
Greenville
Litchfield
Mason
Merrimack
Milford
Pelham
Richmond
Rindge
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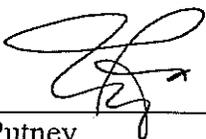
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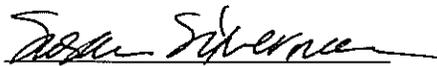
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Tad Putney
Town Administrator
Brookline



Susan Silverman
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Fitzwilliam

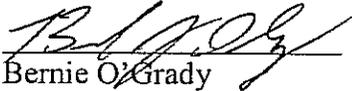


Jason Hoch
Town Administrator
Litchfield

Representative John L. Balcom

May 5, 2015

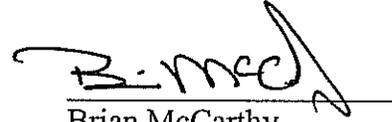
Page 3



Bernie O'Grady
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Mason



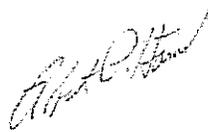
Eileen Cabanel
Town Manager
Merrimack



Brian McCarthy
Town Administrator
Pelham



Carol Jameson
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Richmond



Robert Hamilton
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Rindge



Gail Cromwell
Chair, Select Board
Temple



Warren Davis
Conservation Commission
Troy

NH Municipal Pipeline Coalition

May 5, 2015

Representative Richard W. Barry
12 Kyle Road
Merrimack, NH 03054-4158

**Re: Kinder Morgan/Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co.
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Docket No. PF-14-22-000**

Dear Representative Barry:

Amherst
Brookline
Fitzwilliam
Greenville
Litchfield
Mason
Merrimack
Milford
Pelham
Richmond
Rindge
Temple
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Representative Richard W. Barry
May 5, 2015
Page 2

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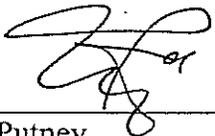
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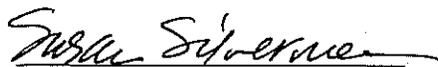
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Tad Putney
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Susan Silverman
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Fitzwilliam

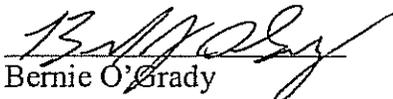


Jason Hoch
Town Administrator
Litchfield

Representative Richard W. Barry

May 5, 2015

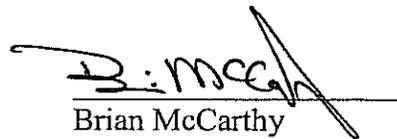
Page 3



Bernie O'Grady
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Mason



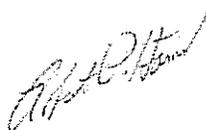
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Gail Cromwell
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Temple



Warren Davis
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Troy

NH Municipal Pipeline Coalition

May 5, 2015

Representative Chris Christensen
27 Greatstone Drive
Merrimack, NH 03054-2342

**Re: Kinder Morgan/Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co.
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Docket No. PF-14-22-000**

Dear Representative Christensen:

Amherst
Brookline
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Representative Chris Christensen

May 5, 2015

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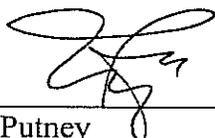
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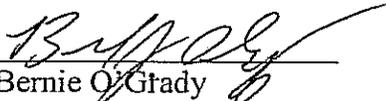


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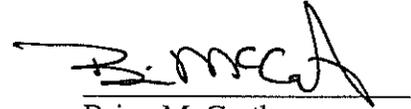
Page 3



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Town Manager
Merrimack



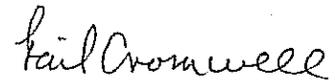
Brian McCarthy
Town Administrator
Pelham



Carol Jameson
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Richmond



Robert Hamilton
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Rindge



Gail Cromwell
Chair, Select Board
Temple



Warren Davis
Conservation Commission
Troy

NH Municipal Pipeline Coalition

May 5, 2015

Representative Richard W. Hinch
14 Ichabod Drive
Merrimack, NH 03054-6226

**Re: Kinder Morgan/Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co.
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Docket No. PF-14-22-000**

Dear Representative Hinch:

Amherst
Brookline
Fitzwilliam
Greenville
Litchfield
Mason
Merrimack
Milford
Pelham
Richmond
Rindge
Temple
Troy

We are elected officials and/or town administrators from 10 New Hampshire towns affected by the proposed Northeast Energy Direct (NED) high-pressure gas pipeline project. The pipeline, proposed by Kinder Morgan Company and Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company, originates in New York, passes through western Massachusetts, and then traverses 17 New Hampshire towns before terminating in Dracut, Massachusetts.

We believe that the proposed NED pipeline is wrong for New Hampshire, is unnecessary to meet the projected energy needs of New England, is an inappropriate use of eminent domain for the benefit of a private corporation, and is an insult to the conservation efforts of the state, municipalities, and conservation easement holders given the existence of better alternatives.

The NED pipeline project is currently in the pre-filing stage at the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. Kinder Morgan is expected to file an application for a "certificate of public convenience and necessity" in September 2015. Once the certificate is granted, Kinder Morgan/Tennessee will have the ability to use federal eminent domain to acquire rights of way for the pipeline. We believe that 1) the "necessity" or need for this project is better addressed by competing projects that would require less taking of private and public land, 2) the capacity of the NED pipeline far exceeds the utility needs of New England, such that taking of land for NED is more for the benefit of its owners than to the benefit of New England gas consumers, and 3) the proposed pipeline route impacts protected conservation land, watersheds, and aquifers.

New England has an acknowledged need for additional energy sources to meet peak demand. In response, several companies have proposed projects to bring more natural gas to New England. These include Spectra Energy's Algonquin Incremental Market (AIM) line, which received FERC certification on March 3, 2015, their pending Atlantic Bridge line, increasing capacity to Maine and Canada, and the Kinder Morgan NED proposal. Taken together, the capacity of these proposed pipelines far exceeds New England's projected energy needs. The projects that truly use existing gas pipeline rights of way, such as Algonquin, should be favored over the projects that require extensive acquisition of new rights of way, such as NED.

Kinder Morgan describes the NED pipeline as mostly "co-located" with an existing power line easement owned by Eversource (formerly Public Service of NH). The term co-location falsely implies the pipeline will be entirely within the power line right of way, and thus have little impact on adjacent land. This is not the case. For technical reasons, the pipeline must be adjacent to, not under, the

Representative Richard W. Hinch

May 5, 2015

Page 2

350,000 volt powerline. Kinder Morgan must acquire approximately 100 feet of land *parallel* to the existing powerline easement. Therefore, the "co-location" of the pipeline has the same impact on private and public lands as it would if not co-located. In addition, about 10 miles of pipeline, such as the Mason lateral line, would not be "co-located" with any existing easement, increasing further the amount of private and public land that will have to be acquired.

Eminent domain is an extraordinary power that must be used sparingly. Other projects, such as the Spectra Energy's proposal to enlarge an existing pipeline, can bring a significant amount of natural gas to New England with far less impact to public and private landowners than the NED project. As a matter of public policy, projects requiring heavy use of eminent domain, such as NED, should be discouraged.

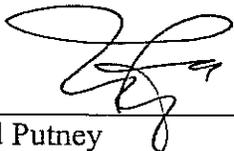
Most of the municipalities in the proposed NED pipeline route are rural communities that highly value their open space, rural character, and conservation land. The NED pipeline is routed through many tracts of land conserved by town conservation commission ownership, or conservation easements held by groups such as the Society for the Preservation of New Hampshire Forests. The taking of land through such parcels directly violates the terms of conservation easements, and contravenes the intent of the donors of conservation land.

The NED project will more deeply and directly impact wetlands and aquifers on the route than the existing powerlines do. Rivers must be tunneled under. Mats must be laid down in wetlands to support the weight of the excavating equipment. Herbicides, among other methods, will be used in the long-term to control vegetative growth, particularly in wetlands that machine mowing would damage. Public policy should discourage projects that heavily impact conservation lands, water resources, and environmentally sensitive areas.

For the foregoing reasons, we oppose the Kinder Morgan/Tennessee NED proposal. We urge you to contact the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Docket PF-114-22-000, and challenge the need for the NED pipeline in light of other less impactful pipeline proposals.

Is the proposed NED project "right" for New Hampshire? We do not believe so. If you do, please help us understand why. If not, please advise us of the steps you can take to ensure that it does not unnecessarily damage our state.

Sincerely,



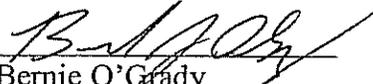
Tad Putney
Town Administrator
Brookline



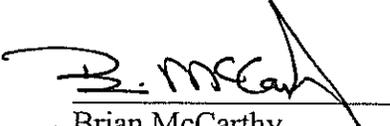
Susan Silverman
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Fitzwilliam

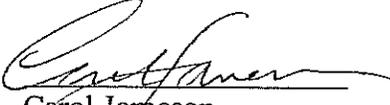


Jason Hóch
Town Administrator
Litchfield

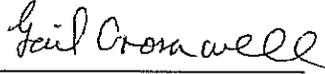

Bernie O'Grady
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Mason


Eileen Cabanel
Town Manager
Merrimack


Brian McCarthy
Town Administrator
Pelham


Carol Jameson
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Richmond


Robert Hamilton
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Rindge


Gail Cromwell
Chair, Select Board
Temple


Warren Davis
Conservation Commission
Troy

NH Municipal Pipeline Coalition

May 5, 2015

Representative Josh Moore
14 Buttonwood Lane
Merrimack, NH 03054-4755

**Re: Kinder Morgan/Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co.
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Docket No. PF-14-22-000**

Dear Representative Moore:

Amherst
Brookline
Fitzwilliam
Greenville
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Representative Josh Moore
May 5, 2015
Page 2

350,000 volt powerline. Kinder Morgan must acquire approximately 100 feet of land *parallel* to the existing powerline easement. Therefore, the “co-location” of the pipeline has the same impact on private and public lands as it would if not co-located. In addition, about 10 miles of pipeline, such as the Mason lateral line, would not be “co-located” with any existing easement, increasing further the amount of private and public land that will have to be acquired.

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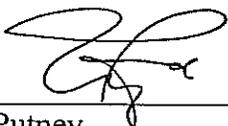
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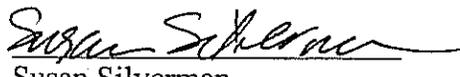
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Is the proposed NED project “right” for New Hampshire? We do not believe so. If you do, please help us understand why. If not, please advise us of the steps you can take to ensure that it does not unnecessarily damage our state.

Sincerely,



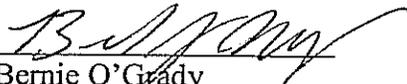
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Town Administrator
Brookline

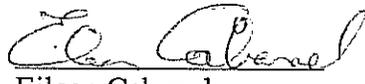


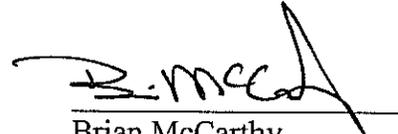
Susan Silverman
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Fitzwilliam

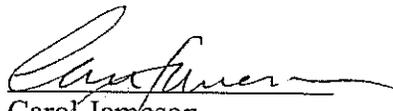


Jason Hoch
Town Administrator
Litchfield

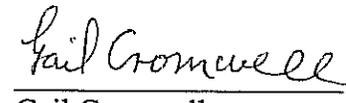

Bernie O'Grady
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Mason


Eileen Cabanel
Town Manager
Merrimack


Brian McCarthy
Town Administrator
Pelham


Carol Jameson
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Richmond


Robert Hamilton
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Rindge


Gail Cromwell
Chair, Select Board
Temple


Warren Davis
Conservation Commission
Troy

NH Municipal Pipeline Coalition

May 5, 2015

Representative Jeanine M. Notter
19 Whittier Road
Merrimack, NH 03054-4755

**Re: Kinder Morgan/Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co.
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Docket No. PF-14-22-000**

Dear Representative Notter:

Amherst
Brookline
Fitzwilliam
Greenville
Litchfield
Mason
Merrimack
Milford
Pelham
Richmond
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Representative Jeanine M. Notter
May 5, 2015
Page 2

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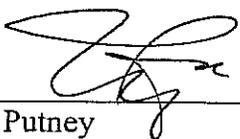
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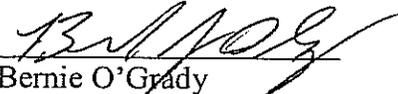
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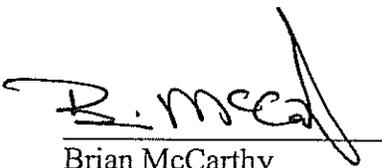
Susan Silverman
Chair, Board of Selectmen
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Jason Hoch
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Robert Hamilton
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Rindge


Gail Cromwell
Chair, Select Board
Temple


Warren Davis
Conservation Commission
Troy

NH Municipal Pipeline Coalition

May 5, 2015

Representative Anthony J. Pellegrino
35 Amherst Road
Merrimack, NH 03054-3927

**Re: Kinder Morgan/Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co.
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Docket No. PF-14-22-000**

Dear Representative Pellegrino:

Amherst
Brookline
Fitzwilliam
Greenville
Litchfield
Mason
Merrimack
Milford
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Representative Anthony J. Pellegrino

May 5, 2015

Page 2

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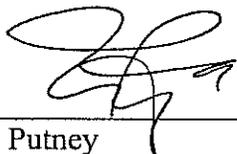
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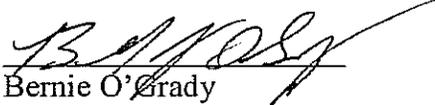


Jason Hoch
Town Administrator
Litchfield

Representative Anthony J. Pellegrino

May 5, 2015

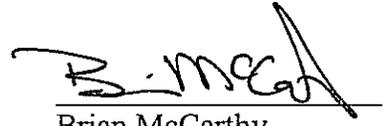
Page 3



Bernie O'Grady
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Mason



Eileen Cabanel
Town Manager
Merrimack



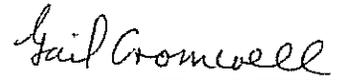
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Temple



Warren Davis
Conservation Commission
Troy

NH Municipal Pipeline Coalition

May 5, 2015

Representative Phillip N. Straight
11 Spruce Street
Merrimack, NH 03054-4718

**Re: Kinder Morgan/Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co.
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Docket No. PF-14-22-000**

Dear Representative Straight:

Amherst
Brookline
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Representative Phillip N. Straight
May 5, 2015
Page 2

350,000 volt powerline. Kinder Morgan must acquire approximately 100 feet of land *parallel* to the existing powerline easement. Therefore, the “co-location” of the pipeline has the same impact on private and public lands as it would if not co-located. In addition, about 10 miles of pipeline, such as the Mason lateral line, would not be “co-located” with any existing easement, increasing further the amount of private and public land that will have to be acquired.

Eminent domain is an extraordinary power that must be used sparingly. Other projects, such as the Spectra Energy's proposal to enlarge an existing pipeline, can bring a significant amount of natural gas to New England with far less impact to public and private landowners than the NED project. As a matter of public policy, projects requiring heavy use of eminent domain, such as NED, should be discouraged.

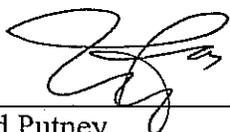
Most of the municipalities in the proposed NED pipeline route are rural communities that highly value their open space, rural character, and conservation land. The NED pipeline is routed through many tracts of land conserved by town conservation commission ownership, or conservation easements held by groups such as the Society for the Preservation of New Hampshire Forests. The taking of land through such parcels directly violates the terms of conservation easements, and contravenes the intent of the donors of conservation land.

The NED project will more deeply and directly impact wetlands and aquifers on the route than the existing powerlines do. Rivers must be tunneled under. Mats must be laid down in wetlands to support the weight of the excavating equipment. Herbicides, among other methods, will be used in the long-term to control vegetative growth, particularly in wetlands that machine mowing would damage. Public policy should discourage projects that heavily impact conservation lands, water resources, and environmentally sensitive areas.

For the foregoing reasons, we oppose the Kinder Morgan/Tennessee NED proposal. We urge you to contact the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Docket PF-114-22-000, and challenge the need for the NED pipeline in light of other less impactful pipeline proposals.

Is the proposed NED project “right” for New Hampshire? We do not believe so. If you do, please help us understand why. If not, please advise us of the steps you can take to ensure that it does not unnecessarily damage our state.

Sincerely,



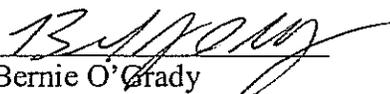
Tad Putney
Town Administrator
Brookline

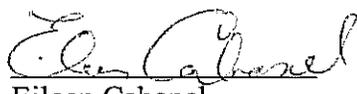


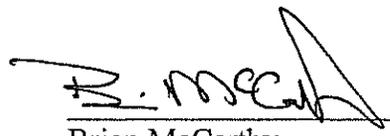
Susan Silverman
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Fitzwilliam

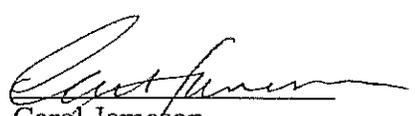


Jason Hoch
Town Administrator
Litchfield

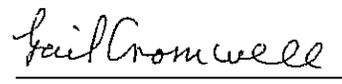

Bernie O'Grady
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Mason


Eileen Cabanel
Town Manager
Merrimack


Brian McCarthy
Town Administrator
Pelham


Carol Jameson
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Richmond


Robert Hamilton
Chair, Board of Selectmen
Rindge


Gail Cromwell
Chair, Select Board
Temple


Warren Davis
Conservation Commission
Troy